

**IBTA Legislative Report**

**April 21, 2025**

**2025 Spring Legislative Session:**

The House and Senate reached the Third reading Deadline April 11th. Any bill that has not passed the full House or Senate at this point cannot advance further this session, unless granted an extension or if the language is amended to another bill. The following report includes the bills the IBTA has worked on this session and their current status.

**Key Legislative Deadlines:**

**April 11 – 3rd Reading Deadline**

May 9 – Committee Deadlines for Bills from Opposite Chamber

May 23 – 3rd Reading Deadline for Bills from Opposite Chamber

May 31 – Adjournment

**Key: Support Oppose Neutral**

**Bills Passed by Originating Chamber**

[HB 1062 IL-Century-Network-Priorities (Briel)](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/BillStatus.asp?DocNum=1062&GAID=18&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=157078&SessionID=114&GA=104)

[HB 1189 Prevailing Wage-Public Works (Hoffman)](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/BillStatus.asp?DocNum=1189&GAID=18&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=156971&SessionID=114&GA=104)

[HB 1866 Next Gen 9-1-1 Implementation (Guerrero-Cuellar)](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/BillStatus.asp?DocNum=1866&GAID=18&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=159436&SessionID=114&GA=104) (The 9-1-1 Advisory Board is discussing further changes to the ETSA that will be included in an amendment to the bill in the Seante.)

[HB 2435 Tele Solicitation-Auto Dialer (Crawford)](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=2435&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=160196&SessionID=114) (Neutral as amended - exempts telecommunications carriers)

[HB 3148 Fraud Autopay/Document Fees (Fritts)](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=3148&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=161549&SessionID=114)(Neutral with House Floor Amendment 2-all business groups and opposition moved to Neutral with the amendment)

[HB 3164 Emergency Telephone-Surcharge (Buckner)](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=3164&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=161577&SessionID=114)

**Bills on 3rd Reading**

[**SB 164 Prevailing Wage-Public Works (Belt)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=164&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=SB&LegID=157381&SessionID=114)(Third Reading Deadline extended to May 9, 2025)

[**SB 1486 Consumer Fraud-Fee Disclosure (Aquino)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=1486&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=SB&LegID=160057&SessionID=114) (Third Reading Deadline extended to May 9, 2025)

**Bills on 2nd Reading**

**Bills in Committees:**

**Senate Revenue:**

[**SB 2028 USE/OCC Tx-Broadband (Villanueva)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=2028&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=SB&LegID=161448&SessionID=114) (Committee Deadline extended to May 9, 2025)

[SB 2120 Revenue 9-8-8 Fund (Fine)](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/BillStatus.asp?DocNum=2120&GAID=18&DocTypeID=SB&LegID=161660&SessionID=114&GA=104) (Committee Deadline extended to May 9, 2025)

**Dead Bills (did not gain approval by the deadline)**

[**HB 62 Consumer Fraud-Fee Disclosure (Morgan)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/BillStatus.asp?DocNum=62&GAID=18&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=155736&SessionID=114&GA=104)

[**HB 1730 Stop Spoofing Act (Spain)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=1730&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=158988&SessionID=114)

[HB 1737 Broadband Deployment Act (Hoffman)](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/BillStatus.asp?DocNum=1737&GAID=18&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=159054&SessionID=114&GA=104)

[**HB 2698 Cable/Video Outage Credits (Katz Muhl)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=2698&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=160690&SessionID=114)

[HB 2831 Utilities-Cancellation Credit (Meier)](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=2831&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=160910&SessionID=114)

[**HB 2941 ICC Telecom Box Removal (Spain)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=2941&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=161146&SessionID=114)

[**HB 2996 Prop Tx-Cell Towers (Rashid)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=2996&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=161258&SessionID=114)

[**HB 3494 Health Data Privacy Act (Ann Williams)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=3494&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=162167&SessionID=114)

[**HB 3529 AI Principles (Yang Rohr)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=3529&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=162219&SessionID=114)

[**HB 3643 Use/OCC Tx-Broadband (Hernandez)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=3643&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=162391&SessionID=114)

[**HB 3762 Extreme Workplace Temps (Gonzalez Jr.)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/BillStatus.asp?DocNum=3762&GAID=18&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=162628&SessionID=114&GA=104)

[**SB 43 Illinois Century Network-Broadband (Ventura)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/BillStatus.asp?DocNum=43&GAID=18&DocTypeID=SB&LegID=157148&SessionID=114&GA=104)

[**SB 52 Privacy Rights Act (Rezin)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=52&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=SB&LegID=157157&SessionID=114)

[**SB 283 Crim Cd-Critical Infrastructure (Rezin)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/BillStatus.asp?DocNum=283&GAID=18&DocTypeID=SB&LegID=157737&SessionID=114&GA=104)
[**SB 1557 Muni Cd Use of Utility Poles (Joyce)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=1557&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=SB&LegID=160257&SessionID=114)

[**SB 1792 Fraud – Artificial Intelligence (Ellman)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=1792&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=SB&LegID=160941&SessionID=114)

[**SB 2273 Health Data Privacy Act (Villanueva)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=2273&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=SB&LegID=162055&SessionID=114)

**Bill Synopsis:**

**Broadband/Telecom/Video Operations**

[**HB 1730 Stop Spoofing Act (Spain)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=1730&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=158988&SessionID=114)

House Bill 1730 creates Stop Spoofing Law. Amends the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act. Provides that it is an unlawful practice within the meaning of the Act for a telecommunications carrier to transmit any misleading or inaccurate caller identification information.

[**HB 2698 Cable/Video Outage Credits (Katz Muhl)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=2698&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=160690&SessionID=114)

House Bill 2698 provides that every cable or video provider operating in the State shall issue a prorated bill credit to consumers for any service outage lasting more than one hour. Provides that the credit shall be calculated based on the consumer's monthly service rate, prorated for the duration of the outage, and that the credit shall be automatically applied to the consumer's next billing cycle without requiring any action or request from the consumer. Requires cable or video providers to notify consumers of the outage and the applied credit within 24 hours after the restoration of service.

HB 2698 also provides that, if, due to a contract dispute, a cable or video provider will not be providing a consumer with a channel for which the consumer has been or will be billed, the cable or video provider shall, within 10 days after the cable or video provider knows that the contract dispute will result in the loss of the channel, provide each affected consumer with notice that the channel will not be provided due to a contract dispute.

[HB 2831 Utilities-Cancellation Credit (Meier)](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=2831&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=160910&SessionID=114)

House Bill 2831 provides that cable or video providers shall issue a customer a pro rata credit if that customer requests service disconnection during the first 2 weeks of a monthly billing period.

[**HB 2941 ICC Telecom Box Removal (Spain)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=2941&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=161146&SessionID=114)

House Bill 2941 requires the Illinois Commerce Commission to adopt rules to allow a landowner to request to have an unused telecommunications utility box removed from the landowner's property by the telecommunications carrier.

**Labor & Workplace**

[**HB 1189 Prevailing Wage-Fed Project (Hoffman)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/BillStatus.asp?DocNum=1189&GAID=18&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=156971&SessionID=114&GA=104)

Provides that the definition of "public works" includes all federal construction projects administered or controlled by a public body if the prevailing rate of wages is equal to or greater than the prevailing wage determination by the United States Secretary of Labor for the same locality for the same type of construction used to classify the federal construction project. Makes a conforming change. Effective July 1, 2025

**[SB 164 Prevailing Wage-Fed Project (Belt)](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=164&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=SB&LegID=157381&SessionID=114)**

Provides that the definition of "public works" includes all federal construction projects administered or controlled by a public body if the prevailing rate of wages is equal to or greater than the prevailing wage determination by the United States Secretary of Labor for the same locality for the same type of construction used to classify the federal construction project. Makes a conforming change. Effective July 1, 2025

[**HB 3762 Extreme Workplace Temps (Gonzalez Jr.)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/BillStatus.asp?DocNum=3762&GAID=18&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=162628&SessionID=114&GA=104)(The IBTA participated in a stakeholder meeting opposing this bill with a large business coalition April 2nd)

Creates the Workplace Extreme Temperature Safety Act. Provides that the Director of Labor shall adopt rules to establish excessive heat and excessive cold standards. Sets forth temporary excessive heat and excessive cold standards. Provides that, on or before January 1, 2026, the Director shall establish by rule an occupational temperature-related illness and injury prevention plan. Sets forth provisions concerning retaliation; violations; penalties; and enforcement of the Act.

**Rights-of-Way**

[HB 1737 Broadband Deployment Act (Hoffman)](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/BillStatus.asp?DocNum=1737&GAID=18&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=159054&SessionID=114&GA=104)

House Bill 1737 creates the Broadband Deployment Act to improve rights-of-way access for the construction of broadband networks. It allows the use of existing electric easements and public road rights-of-way by a broadband provider to install, maintain, and use broadband infrastructure to provide broadband service. It provides that no compensation is required for the installation and maintenance of broadband infrastructure within an easement for electricity or along an existing public road right-of-way. Provides notice requirements and sets forth provisions concerning a private right of action and damages for a property owner.

[**SB 1557 Muni Cd Use of Utility Poles (Joyce)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=1557&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=SB&LegID=160257&SessionID=114)

Senate Bill 1557 provides that the corporate authorities of a municipality may use an existing utility pole within its public rights-of-way for municipal public safety purposes, including, but not limited to, the placing of equipment associated with public safety. Provides that any fee charged for the use of a utility pole shall be at the lowest rate charged by the entity owning the utility pole and shall not exceed the entity's actual costs.

**NG 9-1-1/9-8-8**

[HB 1866 Next Gen 9-1-1 Implementation (Guerrero-Cuellar)](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/BillStatus.asp?DocNum=1866&GAID=18&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=159436&SessionID=114&GA=104)

House Bill 1866 is an initiative of the Illinois State Police to update the Emergency Telephone System Act (ETSA) for implementation of Next Generation 9-1-1 services statewide. The 9-1-1 Advisory Board continues to discuss further changes to the ETSA that will be included in an amendment to the legislation in the Senate. This bill is a rewrite and extension of the ETSA which is scheduled to sunset December 31, 2025.

[HB 3164 Emergency Telephone-Surcharge (Buckner)](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=3164&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=161577&SessionID=114)

House Bill 3164 Amends the Emergency Telephone System Act to extend the 9-1-1 surcharge in Chicago through December 31, 2027 (it was set to reduce from $5.00 to $2.50 beginning January 1, 2026.)

[SB 2120 Revenue 9-8-8 Fund (Fine)](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/BillStatus.asp?DocNum=2120&GAID=18&DocTypeID=SB&LegID=161660&SessionID=114&GA=104)

Senate Bill 2120 authorizes the Department of Human Services to implement and administer the 9-8-8 National Suicide Prevention Lifeline system in compliance with the National Suicide Hotline Designation Act of 2020, the Federal Communication Commission's rules adopted to administer the National Suicide Hotline Designation Act of 2020, and national guidelines for crisis care. Amends the State Finance Act. In provisions concerning the Statewide 9-8-8 Trust Fund, provides that the Fund is administered by the Department of Human Services. Defines "statewide 9-8-8 suicide prevention and mental health crisis system". Amends the Telecommunications Excise Tax Act. Increases the rate of tax on interstate and intrastate telecommunications from 7% to 8.65%. Provides that the 1.65% increase in the rate shall be designated as the "statewide 9-8-8 surcharge" and is established to support and enhance the 9-8-8 Suicide and Crisis Lifeline in compliance with the National Suicide Hotline Designation Act of 2020. Sets forth the distribution of proceeds from the tax imposed under the Act. Effective immediately.

**Taxes**

[**SB 2028 USE/OCC Tx-Broadband (Villanueva)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=2028&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=SB&LegID=161448&SessionID=114)

Senate Bill 2028 amends the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. It creates a sales tax exemption for equipment and materials placed in service on or after January 1, 2026, that are incorporated into or used in the business of providing broadband services. Effective immediately. The bill was granted an extension to pass the Seante Revenue Committee by May 9th.

[**HB 3643 Use/OCC Tx-Broadband (Hernandez)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=3643&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=162391&SessionID=114)

House Bill 3643 amends the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. It creates an exemption for equipment and materials placed in service on or after January 1, 2026, that are incorporated into or used in the business of providing broadband services. Effective immediately.

[**HB 2996 Prop Tx-Cell Towers (Rashid)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=2996&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=161258&SessionID=114)

House Bill 2996 provides that wireless telecommunication towers that are not otherwise exempt under a specific provision of the Code are subject to local property taxes and shall be valued according to policies adopted by the chief county assessment officer.

**Illinois Century Network**

[HB 1062 IL-Century-Network-Priorities (Stuart)](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/BillStatus.asp?DocNum=1062&GAID=18&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=157078&SessionID=114&GA=104)

House Bill 1060 amends the Illinois Century Network Act. Provides that the connection of anchor institutions to the Illinois Century Network shall be prioritized according to the type of anchor institution, starting with schools and libraries.

[**SB 43 Illinois Century Network-Broadband (Ventura)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/BillStatus.asp?DocNum=43&GAID=18&DocTypeID=SB&LegID=157148&SessionID=114&GA=104)

Seante Bill 43 amends the Illinois Century Network Act to allow the state-owned network to create and maintain high speed telecommunications networks that provide reliable communication throughout Illinois (rather than a service creating and maintaining high speed telecommunications networks that provide reliable communication links for wholesale connections with other registered or certified providers and the direct communication needs of various anchor institutions throughout Illinois).

**Consumer**

[HB 2435 Tele Solicitation-Auto Dialer (Crawford)](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=2435&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=160196&SessionID=114) (Neutral as amended)

House Bill 2435 prohibits the solicitation of goods or services through automatic dialing, the use of an auto dialer, or the use of a computer program designed to mimic a human operator, unless the person being contacted has expressly consented to be contacted in this manner. Telecommunications Carriers and Public Utilities are exempted from the legislation.

[**HB 62 Consumer Fraud-Fee Disclosure (Morgan)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/BillStatus.asp?DocNum=62&GAID=18&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=155736&SessionID=114&GA=104)

House Bill 62 creates the Junk Fee Ban Act. This same bill was introduced in the previous General assembly. AT&T and the IBTA are seeking an exemption from the Act as there are federal regulations in place requiring very prescriptive price disclosure through broadband labels that are designed like food nutrition labels.

[**SB 1486 Consumer Fraud-Fee Disclosure (Aquino)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=1486&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=SB&LegID=160057&SessionID=114)

Senate Bill 1486 creates the Junk Fee Ban Act. This same bill was introduced in the previous General assembly. The bill exempts companies that provide broadband and satellite Internet access on its own or as part of a bundle in compliance with the broadband consumer label requirements under 47 CFR 8.1(a).

[**HB 3148 Fraud Autopay/Document Fees (Fritts)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=3148&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=161549&SessionID=114) **(Neutral as amended)**

House Bill 3148 amends the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act to provide that it is an unlawful practice for any person to charge a consumer an additional fee or surcharge to mail a monthly invoice or statement to the consumer's address. The legislation also clarified in Amendment 2 that it does not prohibit a business from offering a discount to a consumer for enrolling in electronic or paperless services or an automatic payment program. The business coalition opposing the bill removed its opposition when Amendment 2 was adopted.

**Artificial Intelligence/Privacy**

**[HB 3529 AI Principles (Yang Rohr)](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=3529&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=162219&SessionID=114)**

House Bill 3529 creates the Illinois High-Impact AI Governance Principles and Disclosure Act. The legislation requires the Department of Innovation and Technology to adopt rules regulating businesses that use AI systems to ensure compliance with the 5 principles of AI governance. Lists the 5 principles of AI governance. Requires the Department to adopt rules to ensure that a business that uses an AI system publishes a report on the business's website, with certain requirements. Provides for a civil penalty for violations. Limits applicability to businesses with 10 or more employees. Effective January 1, 2026.

[**SB 1792 Fraud – Artificial Intelligence (Ellman)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=1792&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=SB&LegID=160941&SessionID=114)

Senate Bill 1792 amends the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act to provide that the owner, licensee, or operator of a generative artificial intelligence system shall conspicuously display a warning on the system's user interface that is reasonably calculated to consistently apprise the user that the outputs of the generative artificial intelligence system may be inaccurate or inappropriate. Provides that a violation of the provision constitutes an unlawful practice within the meaning of the Act. The legislation includes a private right of action.

[**SB 52 Privacy Rights Act (Rezin)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=52&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=SB&LegID=157157&SessionID=114)

Senate Bill 52 creates the Privacy Rights Act and sets forth duties and obligations of businesses that collect consumers' personal information and sensitive personal information to keep such information private. Sets forth consumer rights in relation to the collected personal information, including the right to: delete personal information; correct inaccurate personal information; know what personal information is sold or shared and to whom; opt out of the sale or sharing of personal information; limit use and disclosure of sensitive personal information; and no retaliation for exercising any rights.

[**HB 3494 Health Data Privacy Act (Ann Williams)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=3494&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=HB&LegID=162167&SessionID=114)

House Bill 3494 creates the Protect Health Data Privacy Act. Provides that a regulated entity shall disclose and maintain a health data privacy policy that clearly and conspicuously discloses specified information. Sets forth provisions concerning health data privacy policies. Provides that a regulated entity shall not collect, share, or store health data, except in specified circumstances. Provides that it is unlawful for any person to sell or offer to sell health data concerning an individual without first obtaining valid authorization from the individual. Provides that a valid authorization to sell individual health data must contain specified information; a copy of the signed valid authorization must be provided to the individual; and the seller and purchaser of health data must retain a copy of all valid authorizations for sale of health data for 6 years after the date of its signature or the date when it was last in effect, whichever is later. Sets forth provisions concerning the consent required for collection, sharing, and storage of health data. Provides that an individual has the right to withdraw consent from the processing of the individual's health data. Provides that it is unlawful for a regulated entity to engage in discriminatory practices against individuals solely because they have not provided consent to the processing of their health data or have exercised any other rights provided by the provisions or guaranteed by law. Sets forth provisions concerning an individual's right to confirm whether a regulated entity is collecting, selling, sharing, or storing any of the individual's health data; an individual's right to have the individual's health data that is collected by a regulated entity deleted; prohibitions regarding geofencing; and individual health data security. Provides that any person aggrieved by a violation of the provisions shall have a right of action in a State circuit court or as a supplemental claim in federal district court against an offending party. Provides that the Attorney General may enforce a violation of the provisions as an unlawful practice under the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act. Defines terms. Makes a conforming change in the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act.

[**SB 2273 Health Data Privacy Act (Villanueva)**](https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/billstatus.asp?DocNum=2273&GAID=18&GA=104&DocTypeID=SB&LegID=162055&SessionID=114)

House Bill 3494 creates the Protect Health Data Privacy Act. Provides that a regulated entity shall disclose and maintain a health data privacy policy that clearly and conspicuously discloses specified information. Sets forth provisions concerning health data privacy policies. Provides that a regulated entity shall not collect, share, or store health data, except in specified circumstances. Provides that it is unlawful for any person to sell or offer to sell health data concerning an individual without first obtaining valid authorization from the individual. Provides that a valid authorization to sell individual health data must contain specified information; a copy of the signed valid authorization must be provided to the individual; and the seller and purchaser of health data must retain a copy of all valid authorizations for sale of health data for 6 years after the date of its signature or the date when it was last in effect, whichever is later. Sets forth provisions concerning the consent required for collection, sharing, and storage of health data. Provides that an individual has the right to withdraw consent from the processing of the individual's health data. Provides that it is unlawful for a regulated entity to engage in discriminatory practices against individuals solely because they have not provided consent to the processing of their health data or have exercised any other rights provided by the provisions or guaranteed by law. Sets forth provisions concerning an individual's right to confirm whether a regulated entity is collecting, selling, sharing, or storing any of the individual's health data; an individual's right to have the individual's health data that is collected by a regulated entity deleted; prohibitions regarding geofencing; and individual health data security. Provides that any person aggrieved by a violation of the provisions shall have a right of action in a State circuit court or as a supplemental claim in federal district court against an offending party. Provides that the Attorney General may enforce a violation of the provisions as an unlawful practice under the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act. Defines terms. Makes a conforming change in the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act.